Project Management with Agile

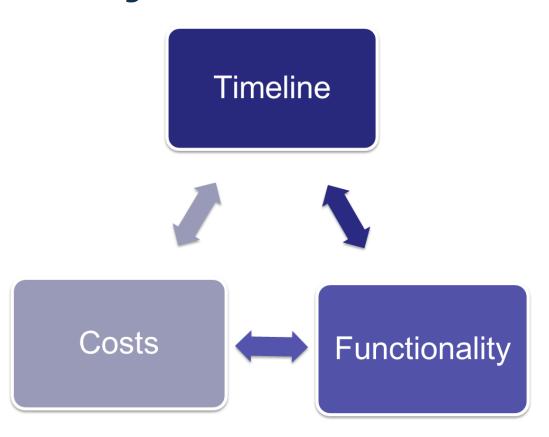


Christopher Allen
MITA - Dec, 07, 2011

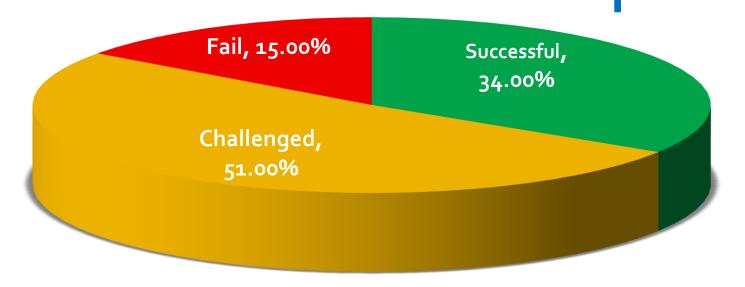
Gold Systems switched from Waterfall to Agile in 2005. We wanted to address the challenges of:

- Change Control "I'll know it when I see it"
- Managing Risk Contractual obligations and change
- Morale Heroic acts by staff to complete projects
- Timeline, functionality, costs quandary

The Project Management Dilemma:

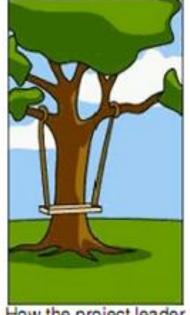


Software development interfaces with the most complex operating systems on the planet: People





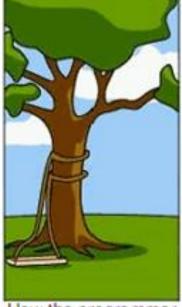
How the customer explained it



How the project leader understood it



How the engineer designed it



How the programmer wrote it



How the sales executive described it



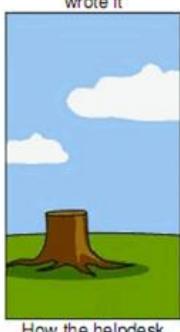
How the project was documented



What operations installed



How the customer was billed



How the helpdesk supported it



What the customer really needed

Manifesto for Agile Software Development

We are uncovering better ways of developing software by doing it and helping others do it. Through this work we have come to value:

Individuals and interactions over processes and tools
Working software over comprehensive documentation
Customer collaboration over contract negotiation
Responding to change over following a plan

That is, while there is value in the items on the right, we value the items on the left more.

Kent Beck
Mike Beedle
Arie van Bennekum
Alistair Cockburn
Ward Cunningham
Martin Fowler

James Grenning
Jim Highsmith
Andrew Hunt
Ron Jeffries
Jon Kern
Brian Marick

Robert C. Martin Steve Mellor Ken Schwaber Jeff Sutherland Dave Thomas

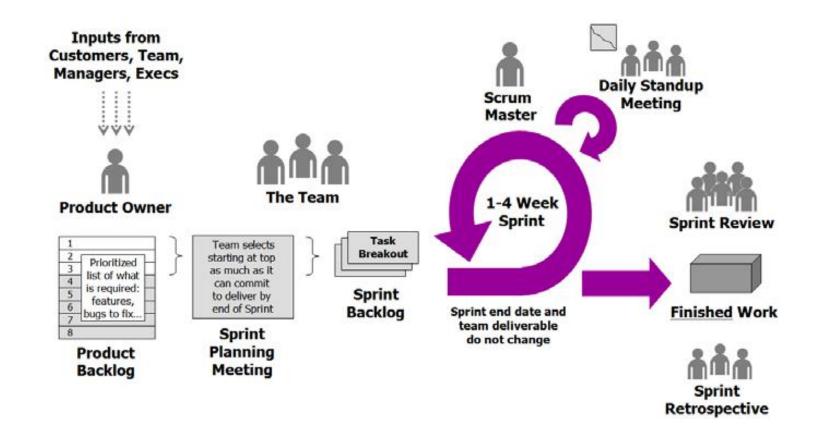


Benefits of Agile

The Core of Agile Development:

Scrum

- **Self-organizing teams** team members select tasks
- Accountability daily standup meeting, daily measurement, peer pressure
- Quick delivery iterations, demonstrations
- Flexibility welcome change, understandable change control processes
- Streamlined artifacts prototypes and backlogs



Benefits of Agile

Results

- Improvement in cost management
- Projects match client desires upon completion
- Results still highly depend on client support
- Client support and understanding in managing costs
- We found you can hybrid approach methods

"At regular intervals, the team reflects on how to become more effective, then tunes and adjusts its behavior accordingly."

* http://www.agilemanifesto.org/principles.html

Challenges of Agile

Demands Participation

Engaged vs. non-engaged Product Owner

Rigid Contract or Project Requirements

Agile needs flexibility to be effective

Desire for Extensive Project Documentation

Agile uses prototypes quite often for documentation of requirements

Scalability Team size

It's very hard to grow Agile teams larger than 7-8 people

Agile Requires Cultural Change – Without participant "buy in" Agile will fail as a methodology

Challenges of Agile

Maintenance vs. New Development

Agile as a methodology struggles in projects that have gone into a "maintenance" mode.

Agile and the PM

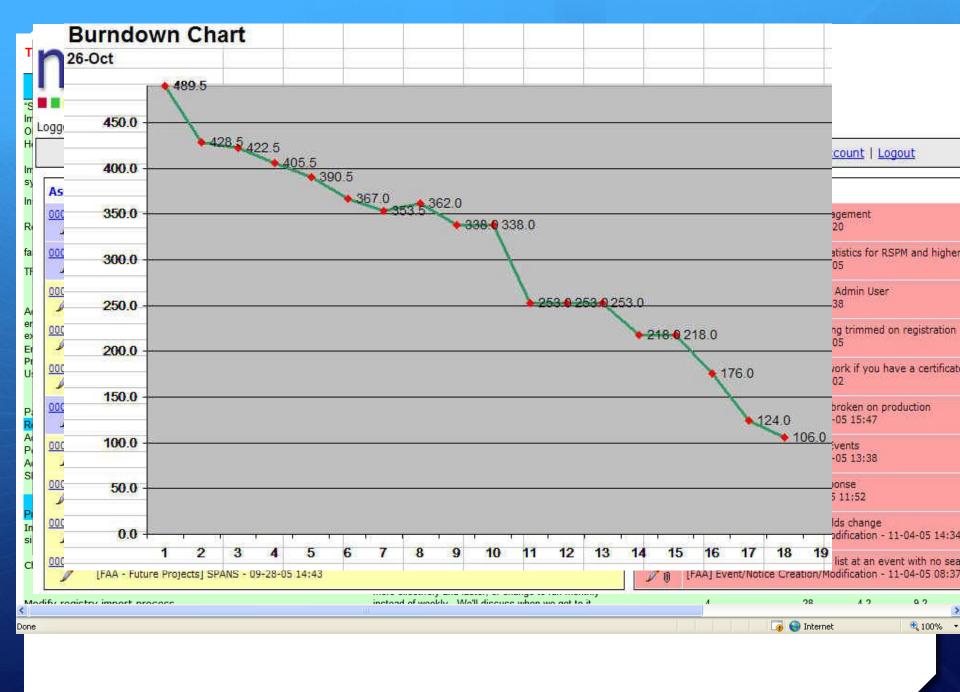
Scrum Master vs. PM

Our Experience: You need both!

Scrum Master - Manages the technical direction of the team and removes architectural hurdles (protects team).

Project Manager -Manages the product owner's expectations, product budget, and removes political hurdles (protects client).

Both - Manage the commitment to timeline and features.



Case Studies

VITAL RECORDS

- Modular technology upgrades
- Feature driven iterations
- Client access to issue tracking



MONTANA STATE FUND

- Release plans, change control
- Visual flows
- Proxy Product Owner



Summary

Discussion Questions:

What is Agile?

What are the benefits and challenges?

What does the PM do in Agile?

Is Agile appropriate for all project types?

Q&A



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